

## How to start and proceed ?

### 1. Adjustment of step-size

First calibrate the Step-size by connecting 0-V DC to '+' terminal of Comparator and adjusting the "Level Changer Preset" located in the U-B converter (Transmitter section) till the Integrator's output ( $t_{p17}$ ) is a triangle wave centered about 0-V line. Its peak-to-peak amplitude will be = 0.5 Volt (minimum) corresponding to integrator's switches position  $A = 0$  &  $B = 0$ ; this amplitude is known as the step-size of the integrator

Now onwards, the step-size can be increased by changing the switches positions, e.g., when  $A = 0$  &  $B = 1$ , Step-size will be double (1.0 V), for  $A = 1$ ,  $B = 0$ , step-size = 1.5 V and for  $A = 1$ ,  $B = 1$ , it will be 2.0 V

2. Adjustment of Sampling rate is done by setting the clock frequency selector switches A & B, e.g., Setting  $A=1$   $B=0$  gives sampling rate of 128 KHz, and so on..

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78

### Perform the experiment in the following order:-

Firstly generate a balanced DM signal, selecting message of say  $1V_{p-p}$  and frequency = 1 KHz, after making connections according to "Schematic Diagram" of Delta Modulation Transmitter (as shown earlier) and by adjusting the proper values of sampling rate and step-size. Observe that the integrator's output (at  $t_{p17}$ ) is following the message wave-form.

To determine the conditions of slope-overloading, increase :-

- (i) the message amplitude, till integrator's o/p ceases to follow the message wave-form
- (ii) msg freq till integrator's o/p ceases to follow the message wave-form.

The slope-overloading caused by increasing the message amplitude, or msg frequency, can be eliminated by increasing the step-size, or increasing the sampling frequency. Verify it experimentally & report your observations in a form shown in the next slide ==> ==>

***Refer to the experiment sheet and/or Work-book of ST-2105***

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79

Record the observations in the following way:-

For balanced Delta modulation:-

1. Message signal amplitude = ..... Volt p-p
2. Message signal frequency = ..... KHz
3. Sampling frequency = ..... KHz
4. Step size = ..... Volt

**Observations for slope-overloading and its elimination:-**

Maximum amplitude of msg (at  $f = \dots$  KHz) at which Slope-overloading occurred = .... Vp-p

Above slope overloading was eliminated by increasing the step size to ..... V

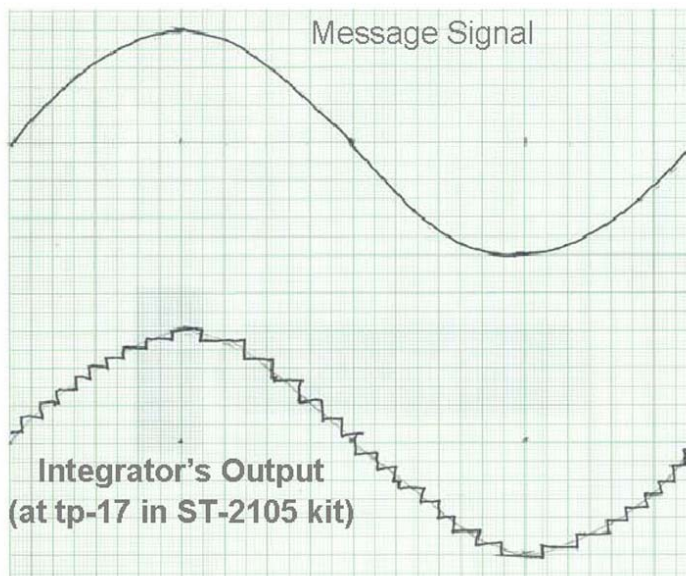
Maximum frequency of msg (at  $A = \dots$  Vp-p) at which Slope-overloading occurred = .... KHz

Above slope overloading was eliminated by increasing the sampling frequency to .....KHz

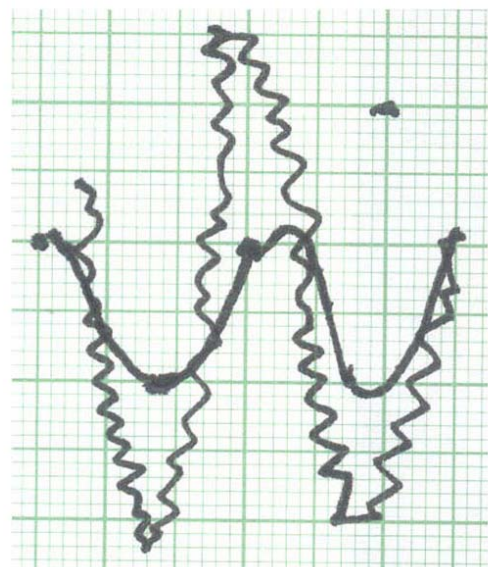
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**The Delta Modulation Signal and Slope over loading**

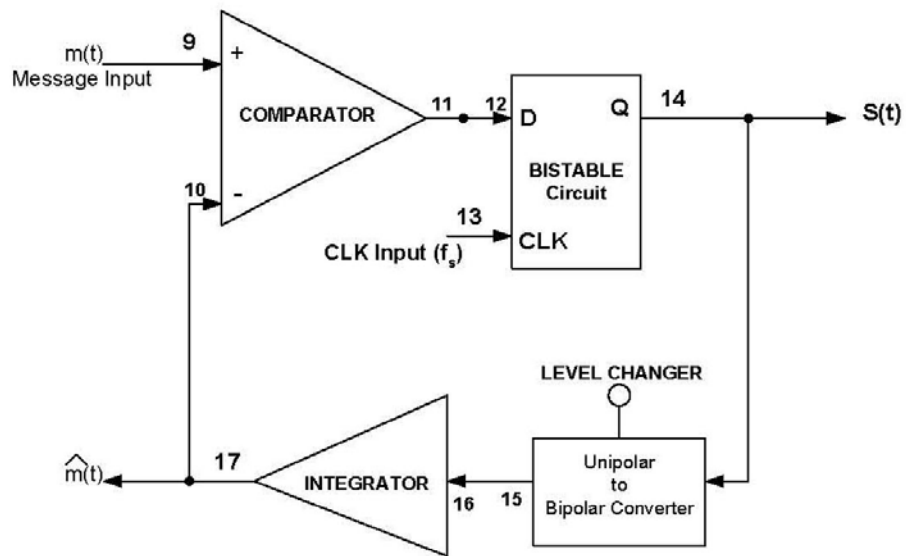
**Balanced / Proper Delta Modulation**



**Occurrence of Slope-overloading**



To generate the DM signal make the connections in the transmitter section of the kit according to the following schematic diagram:-



**Schematic Diagram of DM**